

2021 - 2025 Work Plans

Introduction

This work plan sets out the interagency standard setting and normative work of the Alliance for Child Protection in Humanitarian Action (Alliance), which aims to strengthen quality and effectiveness of child protection programs in humanitarian settings. This document should be read in conjunction with the <u>2021-2025 Alliance Strategy</u>. This work plan will be reviewed and updated on an annual basis. Further updates will be available on the Alliance website.

The Alliance

The Alliance for Child Protection in Humanitarian Action (the Alliance) is a global network of operational agencies, academic institutions, policymakers, donors, and practitioners that facilitates inter-agency technical collaboration on child protection in all humanitarian contexts. The United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) leads the Alliance with a rotating NGO, currently World Vision. The Alliance has over 210 general members and 17 core members. The Alliance sets standards and produces technical guidance for use by the various stakeholders, particularly field practitioners. Its mission is to support humanitarian actors to achieve high-quality and effective child protection interventions in humanitarian contexts, in both refugee and non-refugee settings.

The Alliance's work falls into five categories:

• Standard setting and guidance development:

The Alliance develops standards for child protection in humanitarian action and generates technical guidelines and associated materials for use by humanitarian actors. It also promotes the integration of humanitarian standards and norms into practice and encourages efforts to learn from their use and improve upon them. The Alliance is the custodian of the Minimum Standards for Child Protection in Humanitarian Action, which is considered a companion to the Sphere standards.

• Capacity building, learning and development:

The Alliance develops technical capacity for child protection by identifying, expanding and strengthening the child protection in humanitarian action workforce; mapping capacity gaps; defining priorities and strategic direction in terms of capacity development; and providing learning opportunities, both face-to-face and remote.

 Evidence and knowledge generation: The Alliance invests in generating, processing and disseminating robust evidence on the effectiveness of programmes and strategies in protecting children in humanitarian settings.

• Advocacy:

The Alliance engages in advocacy for child protection and its beneficiaries. This includes ensuring child protection needs are reflected in the global humanitarian architecture and associated processes.

• Convening:

The Alliance convenes humanitarian child protection actors working at local, national, regional and global levels to promote knowledge-sharing and technical collaboration.

Working Groups, Task Forces and Initiatives implement the Alliance Work Plan. They are led by members of the Alliance and supported by Alliance Secretariat. The Alliance for Child Protection in Humanitarian Action is composed of four working groups, seven task forces and two initiatives.

Working Groups:

- <u>Advocacy Working Group (AWG)</u>
- Assessment, Measurement and Evidence Working Group (AME WG)
- Child Protection Minimum Standards Working Group (CPMS WG)
- Learning and Development Working Group (L&D WG)

Task Forces:

- Case Management Task Force (CM TF)
- Cash and Child Protection (Cash TF)
- Child Labour Task Force (CL TF)
- Children Associated with Armed Forces and Armed Groups (CAAFAG TF)
- Community Level Child Protection Task Force (CCP TF)
- Family Strengthening Task Force (FS TF)
- Unaccompanied and Separated Children Task Force (UASC TF)

Initiatives:

- Child Protection in Humanitarian Action and Education in Emergencies (CPHA EiE)
- Prevention Initiative

The Alliance for Child Protection in Humanitarian Action 2021 – 2025 Work Plan – Last updated January 2023



The Alliance Secretariat

Outcome: Child Practitioners have access to well-coordinated evidence based technical public goods and are kept abreast of the most recent developments in the Child

Protection in Humanitarian Action (CPHA) sector.

Lead agency(ies):	UNICEF and World Vision
Contributing members:	The Alliance Steering Committee members: AJEDI-Ka, BIFERD, ChildFund International, Danish Refugee Council,
	Hurras Network, International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent National Societies (IFRC), International
	Organization for Migration (IOM), International Rescue Committee (IRC), Plan International, Save the Children, Terre
	des hommes, UNHCR, UNICEF, War Child Holland, War Child UK, World Vision International and Child Protection
	Area of Responsibility (Observer). The Alliance 223 General Members, 74% of which are local or national
	organisations.
Objectives	Activities
Objective 1. Child Protection actors have improved access to knowledge and technical material on Child Protection in Humanitarian Action	1.1 Develop and enhance Alliance online presence to support information sharing and community of practice
	1.2 Update the Knowledge Management Strategy in line with the Alliance Strategy
	1.3 Make Alliance products more accessible for intended audiences, including front-line workers, through
	innovative ways of communication and transfer of knowledge
	1.4 Keep child protection practitioners informed about of the work of the Alliance through a variety of
	communication methods and online forums
	1.5 Support the organisation of the Annual Meeting with communication and knowledge management team
	1.6 Translate key Alliance products and external communications into languages other than English
Objective 2. The implementation of the Alliance	2.1 Develop the 2021-2025 strategy of the Alliance
strategy is well coordinated and supported, while	2.2 Initiate the process for revision/development of the new Alliance Strategy (2026 and beyond)
emerging needs of the sector are responded to	2.3 Develop and support implementation of a Strategic Plan to accompany the Alliance Strategy

The Alliance Secretariat	
	2.4 Support process of alignment between WG/TF/Initiative workplans and the Alliance Strategy
	2.5 Form and coordinate an active Accountability to Children Advisory Group to support progress Strategic Priority
	1 on Accountability to Children
	2.6 Form and coordinate an active Localisation Advisory Group to support Strategic Priority 2 on Localisation
	2.7 Implement the core/priority components of the Localisation Action Plan, fundraise for the remaining
	components, and leverage the Advisory Group in support of this and the efforts of WG/TFs
	2.8 Form and coordinate an active Working Across Sectors Advisory Group/Coordination Group to support Strategic
	Priority 3 on Multi-sector and Integrated Programming and Collaboration
	2.9 Coordinate the core / priority components of the Strategic Priority 3 Implementation Plan, fundraise for the
	remaining components, and leverage the Advisory Group in support of this and the efforts of WG/TFs
	2.10 Support the development of strategic partnerships with 1-2 new sectors (not including education)
	2.11 Coordinate activities across the Alliance and with Strategic Partners to enhance progress on Strategic Priority
	4 on Prevention
	2.12 Produce a three-year reflection report, covering the 2018-2020 Strategic Plan period
	3.1 Co-Lead on the CPHA-EiE initiative
	3.2 Produce and disseminate evidence on the impact of COVID-19 related school closures on protection and well-
	being of children
Objective 3. Integration of Child Protection and	3.3 Finalize the CPHA-EiE Collaboration framework
Education is further promoted	3.4 Develop and implement a dissemination plan for the CPHA-EiE Collaboration framework
	3.5 The CPHA-EiE Collaboration framework is pilot tested in at least two humanitarian contexts and feedback is
	incorporated into the framework
	3.6 Coordinate efforts across Education and Child Protection actors/relevant bodies
	4.1 Lead on the Prevention Initiative
Objective 4. Child Protection practitioners have	4.2 Advocate externally on the importance of preventive approaches in child protection
access to further guidance on prevention	4.3 Develop a framework of action on prevention
	4.4 Collect and collate feedback on the use of the framework of action on prevention to inform revision of the

The Alliance Secretariat	
	framework
	4.5 Build partnerships with relevant actors to further promote primary prevention as an approach in humanitarian
	response
	4.6 Develop guidance for Child Protection practitioners on the use of Social, behavioural change approaches in
	primary prevention
	4.7 Produce simple messages for Child Protection practitioners as well as other actors (including donor) to explain
	primary prevention in Child Protection
	4.8 Develop two case studies that document the piloting of the Prevention Framework in two humanitarian contexts
	4.9 Build the capacity of global CPHA community on the Prevention Framework
	4.10 Revise the Prevention Framework based on learning from country pilots and capacity building
	4.11 Develop an M&E addendum to the Prevention Framework
	4.12 Develop a Prevention Advocacy roadmap for the Alliance Advocacy Strategy
	4.13 Host webinars to share learnings from Prevention pilots and to disseminate the Prevention Framework
	5.1 Review and process membership applications in a timely fashion
	5.2 New member organizations, especially national partners are meaningfully engaged in the Alliance's work
Objective 5. Membership of the Alliance is	5.3 Develop a member recruitment and engagement strategy including how to support members in their first year
expanded and members are able to meaningfully engage with the Alliance work	5.4 Develop an approach for outreach to organizations in under-represented areas based on results of mapping
	exercise
	5.5 Review LLNO engagement and thematic priorities of choice/need
	5.6 Pilot and scale-up Alliance 'focal points' / 'champions' for under-represented regions/countries
	6.1 Pilot and review a buddy system to enable already active members to support L/NNGO members interested in
	further engagement within the Alliance according to their identified priorities and objectives, including potential
Objective 6. Local actors have more opportunities	leadership roles.
to take a central role in the CPHA sector	6.2 Take action to increase participation of L/NNGOs in WG/TFs to drive increased leadership of L/NNGOs in WG/TFs
	6.3 Put in place Terms of Reference for co-leadership of individual WG/TFs to establish clear, complimentary roles

The Alliance Secretariat	
	and ways of working (particularly for those groups with L/NNGO co-leads) and to encourage promotion of L/NNGO engagement
Objective 7. Alliance initiatives related to COVID- 19 and other IDOs are effectively planned, managed and coordinated and aligned with overall strategy and objectives.	 7.1 Produce and maintain guidance and evidence necessary to place children and Child Protection at the centre of IDO responses and programming 7.2 Produce and disseminate a report on protection of children in IDOs (based on the outcomes of the 2020 Annual Meeting) 7.3 Revise and update the Guidance note on child protection and IDOs to integrate the learnings from COVID-19
Objective 8. The Alliance Strategy and activities are supported through the active fundraising efforts and grant management	 8.1 Fundraise for Alliance's Strategy and work-plan 8.2 Manage Alliance grants 8.3 Support the Executive Committee in the development of a fundraising strategy as per the fundraising principles document
Objective 9. The Alliance promotes the centrality of children and their protection through coordinated and collective advocacy	 9.1 Actively engage in key events and fora that can contribute to the goal of the strategy 9.2 Maintain and expand on partnership and timebound collaborations with relevant Child Protection actors across the humanitarian-development nexus 9.3 In coordination with Child Protection AoR, UNHCR and other partners, lead events to spotlight child protection within specific crises/contexts 9.4 Ensure the donor reference group is active and hold semi-annual calls 9.5 Conduct donor mapping to support advocacy and fundraising around the Alliance's Strategy (also linked to objective 8)
Objective 10. The Alliance activities are well coordinated	 10.1 Organize Steering Committee (SC) quarterly calls, which include discussion on delivering the Alliance's strategic goal 10.2 Organize WG-TF bi-monthly calls, which include discussion on local actor engagement 10.3 Review technical products produced by the WGs/TFs/Initiatives to ensure quality and coherence 10.4 Develop a product development checklist that considers how local actors can engage in the process 10.5 Integrate key Cross-cutting issues (e.g. diversity, localization, HDN, anti-racism, etc) 10.6 Review the structure of the Alliance

The Alliance Secretariat	
	10.7 Operationalize the recommendations of the review (including reflecting the recommendations in the
	governance paper and the internal memo)
	10.7 Executive Committee is formed and has a ToR and annual work plan
Objective 11. Alliance members and partners have	11.1 Organize the Annual Meeting for Child Protection in Humanitarian Action
opportunities to exchange and discuss key issues pertaining to the sector	11.2 Organize webinars/online events on thematic topics in different languages/targeting specific regions
	12.1 Conduct a mid-term review of the Strategic Plan (2021-2025)
Objective 12. Monitoring and Evaluation of the	12.2 Conduct an annual review of the Work Plans
Alliance work is timely and effectively	
implemented in a coordinated manner with the	12.3 Analyse evidence from the field to ensure relevance of the work of the Alliance
WGs/TFs	
Objective 12. The Alliance has a clear position on	13.1 Develop an Alliance Green Paper
Objective 13. The Alliance has a clear position on	13.2 Conduct light touch mapping/analysis of existing evidence linking the Climate Crisis to child protection risks
child protection and the climate crisis	and vulnerabilities

Working Groups

Working Group 2. Advocacy Working Group (AWG)	
Outcome: Child Protection in humanitarian settings is understood and prioritized by key humanitarian agencies, existing and potential donors, and states.	
Lead agency(ies):	Save the Children, Street Child, and Swatantrata Abhiyan Nepal
Contributing members:	Bank Information Center, Child Frontiers, ChildFund Alliance, CP AoR, Children and Young People Living for Peace,
	International Children's Action Network, Lotus Flower Community School, Office of the Special Representative for
	Children and Armed Conflict, Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on Violence
	Against Children, Plan International, Save the Children, Save the Future of Children Initiative, Somali
	Humanitarian Organization, Terre des hommes, United Citizens Child Support Organization Uganda, UNICEF,
	UNHCR, War Child, World Vision
Goal	Activities
The Centrality of Children and their Protection	G1: Draft a bank of technical global advocacy messages that can serve as a base for members and networks in
Child protection is recognised and prioritised as	global influencing efforts and as a base for specific contexts where appropriate
essential and lifesaving across the humanitarian	G2: Compile a catalogue of 1 page case studies showing evidence of Child Protection impact
system.	G3: Proactively engage in the advocacy opportunities to influence the Review of the IASC Protection Policy
	G4: Develop an SOP on the role for the AWG in global advocacy coordination in the first phases of an early onset
	emergency
	G5: Further mapping of donors to guide on how we engage with new ones
	G6: Coordinate to produce a shadow Global Humanitarian Overview that places children and their protection at
	the centre
	G7: Continue to update the Child Protection Funding annual analysis (Not necessary to present in a full report
	format but to inform advocacy)
	G8: Support the Case Management TF to develop a 2-page advocacy note on Child Protection Case Management
	for donors (based on new CPMS costing component)
	G9: Internal analysis mapping out the state of play on Unprotected recommendations to guide future advocacy

	G10: Support the Child Protection AoR and Secretariat of The Alliance in coordinating and organising a series of donor briefings
Objectives	Activities
Objective 1: Accountability to children	1.1 Conduct a webinar on CAAFAG Advocacy for country-based colleagues with case studies on what has worked
 Meaningful and equitable participation: Increased opportunities and resources for children and young people in humanitarian settings to meaningfully and equitably 	1.2 Conduct a mapping of existing child advisory groups and methodologies for engaging children in interagency processes, with a view to producing a feasibility assessment on establishing a children's advisory group for the Alliance
participate in the programmes and decisions that affect their lives, including in global protection and Child Protection advocacy spaces, and within climate crisis	1.3a Create a set of principles/SOP on engaging children and youth on safe and meaningful advocacy engagement with children from humanitarian settings (particularly focused on AWG engagement but could be expanded out to a guidance for wider audiences)
 discussions. To affected populations, including children: Donors, decision makers, and humanitarian actors require gender-sensitive 	1.3b Develop child friendly/everyone friendly materials that explain: The work of the Alliance, the Centrality of children and their protection, the Alliance Strategy, and the Advocacy Action Plan (use these as a basis to engage with children)
accountability mechanisms to systematically include children, with direct consultation on their view.	1.4 Advocate for uptake of guidance on how to strengthen accountability to children in Humanitarian Response Plan/other processes (Initial scoping of tools/materials necessary)
For rights violations:Increased support by governments and	1.5 Development of bank of 1-pager case studies on what good looks like in accountability to children (and hold an internal webinar to promote learnings across the Alliance)
donors for specialised, trained Child Protection experts within UN missions and country teams with clear mandates, resources, and backstops for accountability.	1.6 Draft an advocacy brief to make the case for why specific Child Protection expertise is critical in peace missions (drawing on Watchlist, OSRSG CAAC, CAAFAG TF & others expertise)

Working Group 2. Advocacy Working Group (AWG)

Objective 2: Localisation

Support to Localisation and the principles of partnership that promote more equitable ways of working with local and national organisations, whereby donors and INGOs:

- Increase the provision of direct and flexible funding for community, local and national actors.
- Improve transparency in the tracking of funds for local and national actors.
- Prioritise child-led and community-driven child protection prevention and response interventions, including girl-led initiatives.
- Strengthen the participation, representation, and the leadership of local and national actors in decision making processes, leadership, and governance mechanisms in humanitarian response in

Objective 3: Increased prioritisation of Child Protection by donors in multi-sector and integrated programming and collaboration including:

line with localisation objectives.

• Age, gender, disability/diversity

2.1 Development of bank of 1 pager case studies, including on a) what good looks like in Child Protection and localisation and b) about the positive impact of localisation on child protection outcomes including community led-Child Protection interventions

2.2 In partnership with the Localisation Advisory Group of the Alliance hold a series of consultations with local and national actors on what local/national leadership within the Alliance looks like to inform engagement with the AWG to inform SOP on ways of working including the meaningful role local/national actors wish to play in global advocacy efforts (and facilitate active engagement with the 60% of our membership that are local/national)

2.3 Explore feasibility of creating a marketplace/forum for L/NNGOs to present their proposals to interested donors with careful consideration of processes to make access transparent and fair

2.4 Creation of key messages to use for advocating on improved tracking of funding to local and national actors

2.5 With the support of L&D Working Group, explore learning opportunities to strengthen capacity on child protection advocacy and establish and roll out of advocacy learning pathway and contextualization to CPHA needs

2.6 In partnership with the L&D WG, develop an advocacy paper on the relevance of capacity strengthening for improved protection outcomes for children in line with the CPMS

3.1 Advocacy support for the research on the impacts of school closures on children's protection with the Interagency Network for Education in Emergencies (Series of global roundtables, including with local/national organisations from Colombia, DRC and Lebanon)

Working Group 2. Advocacy Working Group (AWG)	
 differentiated Child Protection risks, protective factors, and child safeguarding are increasingly prioritised by donors and operational actors within standalone, multisector, and integrated programmes. Strengthened donor criteria related to the 	3.2 Explore ways to advocate to the World Bank and Regional Development Banks on strengthened integration with Child Protection
essential need for the integration of age, gender, disability/diversity sensitive Child Protection across other sectors, in line with the Child Protection Minimum Standards in donor programme selection.	3.3 Support advocacy on the case studies on the successes of integration of child protection in food security
 Increased collaboration between humanitarian actors with Child Protection, including Gender-Based Violence and other sectors with joint advocacy where opportunities arise to align efforts. 	3.4 Organise event targeting key child protection and food security actors and donors to disseminate case studies and results of pilot Child Protection-Food Security initiatives in CAR, Nigeria, and South Sudan and advocate for increased collaboration between Child Protection and Food Security actors
Objective 4: Prevention	4.1 Develop a Prevention Advocacy roadmap for the Alliance Advocacy Strategy
 Decision makers, donors, and other actors across the sector have increased awareness on the lifesaving nature of prevention 	4.2 Use the roadmap and key messages to advocate with organisations, agencies and donors to invest in prevention

Working Group 2. Advocacy Working Group (AWG)	
 interventions. Increased funding for prevention actions in humanitarian response across Child 	4.3 Development of bank of 1-pager case studies on what good looks like in Prevention (possibly to use for a Roundtable with donors?)
 Protection and other sectoral actors. Child Protection actors have increased awareness of the key elements of preventative actions across the phases of 	4.4 Package up summarised findings from Refugee Response Plan/Humanitarian Response Plan analysis on prevention elements with recommendations to strengthen inclusion of prevention
the programme cycle.	4.5 Work with AME on the creation of indicators to measure success as a result of Prevention interventions (to help with advocating on importance and impact)
Objective 5: The Climate Crisis, Climate Justice, and Child Protection	5.1 Creation of key messages/positions on the impacts of the Climate Crisis on children's protection and well- being
• The centrality of children and their protection are core considerations in the	5.2 Feedback on the first draft of the General Comment 26 when published (as part of advocacy towards a big moment in 2023 when General Comment will be released)
 climate action agenda. CPHA sector advocates to support and adopt greener practices in the delivery of 	5.3 Mapping of global advocacy activities/engagement by partners and networks on climate crisis and child protection impacts (Survey) and proposal for how AWG best contributing (And linking up with Alliance Anticipatory Action track)
 humanitarian aid. Promote coordination among AWG organisations to support all child- and youth-driven climate action. 	5.4 Develop key messages on greening child protection as part of greening humanitarian aid and engage with actors working on greening humanitarian action to promote the inclusion of Child Protection specific considerations in broader initiatives

Working Group 4. Assessment, Evidence and Measur	ement Working Group (AME WG)
Outcome: CPHA practitioners have improved capacit	y and access to resources to incorporate evidence in programming and implementation
Lead agency(ies):	Innocenti - UNICEF Office of Research and World Vision International
Contributing members:	Action Contre la Faim (ACF), AVSI, Bethany Global, CARE US, Child Protection Area of Responsibility (UNICEF), Global
	Women's Institute (George Washington University), InterAction, INEE, IOM, IRC, Maestral, OFDA, Plan International,
	Proteknôn Foundation for Innovation and Learning, Retrak, Save the Children, Silberman School of Social Work,
	Terre de hommes, UNHCR, UNICEF, War Child, WVI
Objectives	Activities
	1.1 Develop, review and support tools for child protection assessment and measurement
	1.2 Mapping exercise and report conducted of existing AME resources, gap analysis, and recommendations
Objective 1. Methods and tools for assessment and	regarding development of further CPMS indicator tools/supporting guidance.
measurement are made accessible to child	1.3 Disseminate a guidance note on qualitative assessment approaches for the protection of children with
protection practitioners	disabilities
	1.4 Develop methodology and instrumentation for capturing post-crisis reflection and feedback for the Alliance and
	CPHA Sector
	2.1 Synthesize and disseminate evidence on CPHA using innovative evidence promotion practices, including
	development/facilitation of webinars, and learning series, with focus on (i) prevention; and (ii) prioritised multi-
	sector themes as defined by other WG/TF leads
Objective 2. Evidence is generated, synthesized,	
and promoted for use in design and	2.2 Roll out of training materials on identifying and prioritizing
implementation of CPHA programs	
	2.3 Pilot Participatory approach to generate evidence on the relationship between CP and climate in context of
	prevention and response for humanitarian action
Objective 3. Capacity of CPHA actors on the use of	3.1 Develop guidance on ethical good practice in participatory child-sensitive research

Working Group 4. Assessment, Evidence and Measurement Working Group (AME WG)	
assessment, measurement and monitoring tools is	3.2 Adapt the Right to Play tool on child-sensitive qual research methods for use by the Alliance
further developed	3.3 Develop Pilot M&E framework, evaluation methodology, and/or M&E addendum to support the Alliance
	Prevention Initiative
	4.1 Support Alliance Working Groups and Task Forces in activities related to Assessment, Measurement and
	Evidence
	4.2 Assist CAAFAG Task Force in development of formative research on prevention of recruitment
	4.3 Develop and pilot simple M&E framework, complimentary to other WG/TFs internal monitoring, to measure
Objective 4. Other Working Groups and Task Forces	effectiveness of the work of the Alliance
of the Alliance are supported in activities related	4.4 Conduct evidence review to map methodology and scope for analysing costs of inaction/potential savings
to Assessment, Measurement and Evidence	estimates from a prevention approach
	4.5 Support the development of a "Harms Averted Tool" to support prevention programming
	4.6 Support the development of a joint field Survey for the CPHA sector
	4.7 Capture learnings on role of cash in Child Protection outcomes, drawing from data generated by roll-out of Cash
	and Child Protection Task Force monitoring tool

Working Group 1. Child Protection Minimum Standa	rds Working Group (CPMS WG)	
CPMS WG Outcome: Quality and accountability for	CPMS WG Outcome: Quality and accountability for children's protection and well-being in humanitarian response are strengthened through greater implementation	
and adherence to the CPMS.		
Lead agency(ies):	Save the Children and UNICEF	
Contributing members:	Child Protection Area of Responsibility, BIFERD (DRC), ChildFund, Child Soldiers International, Columbia University,	
	CPC Network, Danish Refugee Council, DPKO, Geneva Call, Global Partnership to End VaC, Goal, ICRC, ILO, IFRC,	
	IOM, IRC, Islamic Relief, KCS Coalition, Nirengi Association, Plan International, Save the Children, Terre des Hommes,	
	UNHCR, UNICEF, Viva, War Child, WHO, World Vision	
Objectives	Activities	
	1.1 Create and roll-out an induction strategy, including a briefing module	
	1.2 Distribute hard copies, prioritizing local and national actors	
CPMS WG Objective 1. National and local actors	1.3 Create, promote & disseminate accessible materials (e.g. CPMS videos, webpage, illustrations gallery)	
have improved access to the CPMS	1.4 Support translation of CPMS in various languages	
	1.5 Monthly contact with national and local Alliance members to encourage implementation of CPMS and	
	membership in the Working Group	
	2.1 Co-develop detailed Pillar 4 engagement strategy (Working Across Sectors framework), including consultations,	
	capacity-strengthening and communications elements	
	2.2 Revise/update Working Across Sectors Framework based upon experience of users and feedback from others	
CPMS WG Objective 2. Actors from other sectors	sectors and child protection colleagues	
have greater commitment and ability to	2.3 Implement and promote the use of Pillar 4 engagement strategy (Working Across Sectors framework), including	
implement CPMS Pillar 4 and reflect the Centrality	capacity strengthening, outreach to diverse groups, online forums, advocacy and communications toolkit	
of Children's Protection in their work	2.4 Develop a short guidance on language for Working Across Sectors to be agreed and shared across sectors	
	2.5 Develop & promote use of Pillar 4 e-modules	
	2.6 Develop mini-workshop packages on Child Protection mainstreaming and integration for remote delivery to 4	
	priority sectors, complete with presentations, activities, and facilitator guides	

Working Group 1. Child Protection Minimum Standa	rds Working Group (CPMS WG)	
	2.7 Develop, test, and endorse Working Across Sectors tools between Child Protection and prioritised sectors	
	2.8 Build evidence of a) the benefits of intentionally including Child Protection in multi-sectoral assessment &	
	programming, and b) outcomes of sectoral programming that is blind to Child Protection risks. Re-assess priorities	
	for evidence with Assessment, Measurement and Evidence Working Groups	
	2.9 Support revision of other sectors' standards	
	2.10 Conduct research and develop guidance on collaboration between Child Protection and Protection linked with	
	CPMS Pillar 4 and for consideration as a new standard in future revisions	
	2.11 Produce videos on promising or good practices of programme integration	
	2.12 Support the roll out and contextualization of CPMS pillar 4 across countries	
	2.13 Engage in global and regional events to promote the complimentary use of humanitarian standards	
	3.1 Support country-level contextualization and innovative roll-out plans, including through direct support to	
	national and local actors	
	3.2 Develop and track use of monitoring tool	
	3.3 Restart institutionalisation (self-assessment) process throughout the Alliance, and share learning with members	
Objective 3. The CPMS are contextualised and	3.4 Follow up on results of self-assessment process with Alliance members	
implemented across diverse humanitarian contexts	3.5 Engage the private sector to support humanitarian actors' uptake of CPMS	
and regions	3.6 Contribute - where possible - to the documentation of learning and impact from the implementation of new	
	approaches within 2019 edition	
	3.7 Develop remote contextualisation tool and methodology to support in country implementation during	
	movement restrictions	
	3.8 Promote the use of CPMS as central tool of accountability towards children	
	4.1 Develop and implement a communication strategy for promotion of CPMS	
	4.2 Promote CPMS through webinar series, briefings, CoP threads	
Objective 4. Child Protection actors have increased	4.3 Contribute to inter-agency briefings to relevant senior staff early in crisis	
capacity to implement the 2019 CPMS	4.4 Expand and promote the CPMS e-course, and make it more accessible	
	4.5 Develop and support an online, facilitated mini course on the CPMS	

Working Group 1. Child Protection Minimum Standards Working Group (CPMS WG)		
	4.6 Update CPMS supporting materials	
	5.1 Develop, review and support tools for child protection assessment and measurement	
	5.2 Advocate with donors on multiple levels and multilateral organizations to use Pillar 4 2019 CPMS in their	
	selection and M&E processes	
	5.3 Advocate with donors on funding and capacity-strengthening to meet Minimum Standards	
Objective 5. Other Working Groups and Task Forces	5.4 Ensure "preventative component" is featured within CPMS E-Course content	
of the Alliance are supported in activities related	5.5 Deliver webinar on preventative work within 2019 CPMS	
to CPMS	5.6 Rebrand, revise, translate, disseminate and promote the CPHA Foundational Skills Training Package in	
	accordance with 2019 CPMS	
	5.7 Support other WGs in the identification, update, and development of competencies for Working Across Sectors	
	5.8 Identify synergies of different sectors in community-level approaches that contribute to children's protection	
	5.9 Contribute to update of Pillar 4 indicators (to be used across sectors)	

Working Group 3. Learning and Development Working Group (L&D WG)			
Outcome: CPHA practitioners have access to and ber	efit from quality learning and development initiatives that promote the growth and sharing of competence		
Lead agency(ies):	Plan International and UNICEF		
Contributing members:	Bioforce, Child Frontiers, Child Safe, Columbia University, Horizons, IFRC, ILO, IOM, IRC, ISS, King College London,		
	Plan International, Save the Children, UKZN, UNHCR, UNICEF, War Child, The Watchlist, WVI		
Objectives	Activities		
	1.1 Revise/update the L&D strategy of the Alliance for CPHA		
	1.2 Translation and Dissemination of CPHA Competency Framework		
	1.3 Review and Revise CPHA Competency framework in consultation with practitioners and integrating intersectoral		
	competencies work (activity 5.11)		
	1.4 Develop and implement a framework to measure effectiveness of Alliance capacity strengthening initiatives and		
	global guidance		
	1.5 Develop practical tools to guide the design and implementation of L&D initiatives		
Objective 1 Learning and Development is	1.6 Develop an advocacy paper on the relevance of capacity building for improved protection outcomes for children		
Objective 1. Learning and Development is approached in a strategic, competency-based, and	1.7 Establish and update mapping of CPHA learning initiatives to reflect the current portfolio of trainings, e-learning		
structured way to ensure quality and relevance for	and other learning activities		
CPHA practitioners	1.8 Develop a set of generic CPHA role profiles		
	1.9 Identify the underlying knowledge, skills and attitudes required for the development of CPHA competencies		
	1.10 Produce and disseminate a competency development guide, which lists learning opportunities relevant to each		
	competency and tier		
	1.11 Identify learning needs on climate crisis intersectionality with child protection in humanitarian action and		
	develop relevant learning objectives with associated learning opportunities where feasible		
	1.12 Translate the L&D Strategy into French, Spanish and Arabic		
	1.13 Establish a framework for Alliance endorsement of InterAgency learning initiatives and products		
	1.14 Organise and convene an interagency workshop on CPHA capacity gaps and needs on the basis of global survey		

	funding	
	2.1 Revise, translate and roll-out CPHA Foundational Skills learning Package in accordance with 2019 Child	
	Protection Minimum Standards	
	2.2 Revise and roll-out Frontline Workers Learning Package	
	2.3 Develop and roll-out tools to support the application of the CPHA competency framework	
	2.4 Develop and roll out a learning initiative on preventive approaches to CPHA and on preventing harm for other	
	humanitarian actors	
	2.5 Update Massive Open Online Course (MOOC) on Protecting Children during COVID-19 to cover IDO outbreaks	
Objective 2. CPHA actors benefit from increased	2.6 Translate MOOC "Protecting Children During COVID-19 and IDOs"	
access to learning and development opportunities	2.7 Develop and roll-out learning modules and tools on child protection program adaptations for COVID-19	
at global, regional and national levels	2.8 Centralise the storage of Alliance learning products on a Kaya Share platform	
	2.9 Develop and roll out pilot learning opportunity on CPHA and climate crisis	
	2.10 Pilot CPHA frontline workers learning package	
	2.11 Adapt and roll out CPHA Frontline workers learning/CPHA CPMS Learning package for cell-based applications	
	2.12 Translate and disseminate tools to support the application of the competency framework	
	2.13 Develop and support delivery of ToT on Prevention Framework training	
	2.14 Support youth and youth-led organisations to enhance understanding of CPHA and the role they can play in it	
	2.15 Establish a CPHA trainers mailing list and organize events to present and introduce learning packages available	
	3.1 Pilot Harvard Centre for the Developing Child ECD mentoring scheme	
	3.2 Identify and disseminate case studies capturing skills-building adaptations in the context of COVID-19	
Objective 3. CPHA practitioners and other	3.3 Harmonize efforts around the establishment of a CPHA community of practice	
stakeholders have increased opportunities to share	3.4 Continue to support Interagency capacity building initiatives	
learning through convened events and	3.5 Organize webinars and podcasts related to child protection programming in refugee and mixed movement	
communities	settings	
	3.6 Organize online events to promote sharing of programmatic lessons learnt lead by LNGOs on Alliance strategic	
	priorities	

Working Group 3. Learning and Development Workir	ng Group (L&D WG)
	3.7 Scale up Harvard Center for the Developing Child ECD programme
	3.8 Moderate CPHA CoP
	3.9 Organise learning events for donors on CPHA (and Alliance strategic priority areas)
	3.10 Open channels for youth to participate actively in the CPHA Community of Practice
	3.11 Initiate a pairing/buddy system for sharing of learning between local and international actors
	4.1 Support lessons learnt evaluation of Child Protection in Emergencies (CPiE) Post Graduate Diploma and other
	initiatives with tertiary institutions
	4.2 Expand L&D WG cooperation with tertiary institutions and online learning institutions/platforms
Objective 4. Increased cooperation with tertiary	4.3 Develop and make a CPHA Curricula and/or Working Across Sector Curricula available for integration within
level institutions and improved access to tertiary	tertiary institutions learning programmes
level education for CPHA practitioners	4.4 Organize events to socialize the Alliance CPHA Learning Offer to academic institutions to foster further
	cooperation
	4.5 Develop and roll out Certificate of Advanced Studies in Child Protection in Humanitarian Action
	5.1 Develop and support roll-out of learning package on Inter-agency toolkit: Preventing and Responding to Child
	Labour in Humanitarian Action to use both in face to face and remote facilitation settings
	5.2 Support the design, development and rollout of CAAFAG capacity building toolkit, parenting toolkit, e-module
	and MOOC including through CAAFAG Community of Practice group set up, TOTs etc.
Objective 5. Other Working Groups and Task Forces	5.3 Support development and roll out of Case Management Task Force capacity building initiatives (CPCM,
of the Alliance are supported in development and	parenting)
	5.4 Support CPMS Working Group development and roll out of Pillar 4 capacity building strategy, additional CPMS
roll-out of capacity building activities	e-course modules, and a mini CPMS online course
	5.5 Support revision and roll out of Unaccompanied and Separate Children (UASC) TOT and of social workforce
	training modules on UASC
	5.6 Support learning initiatives from Community Level Child Protection Task Force
	5.7 Support design, planning and roll out of Family Strengthening Webinar Series

Working Group 3. Learning and Development Working Group (L&D WG)		
	5.8 Support Advocacy Working Group in the establishment and roll out of advocacy learning pathway	
	contextualization to CPHA needs	
	5.9 Support Cash and Child Protection online learning and webinar series	
	5.10 Support CPMS Working and Cash and Child Protection Task force in the development and roll out of inter-	
	sectoral set of competencies	
	5.11 Support the development and roll out of prevention initiative learning activities	

Task Forces

Task Force 1. Case Management Task Force (CM TF)

Outcome: Improve the knowledge and skills of global, regional and country-level emergency children protection responders who are planning, implementing or supporting case management services in humanitarian settings by developing standardised tools and guidance, contributing to learning and research, and providing technical guidance and support.

Lead agency(ies):	Hurras Network and Save the Children	
Contributing members:	CP AoR, IRC, Plan International, Save the Children, Terre des hommes, The Global Social Workforce Alliance, UNHCR,	
	UNICEF, War Child Holland, WVI	
Objectives	Activities	
	1.1 Finalization of the Quality Assessment Framework (QAF)	
	1.2 Develop practical guidance for implementing case management in rapid onset emergencies, including key	
	considerations and links to existing tools	
	1.3 Develop 2-page advocacy note on Child Protection Case Management for donors with accompanying tools (e.g.	
	checklist and costing guidance)	
	1.4 Develop IA Safe Identification and Referral Training Materials	
Objective 1. Child Protection practitioners have	1.5 Develop training materials to improve case management caseworker and supervisor knowledge and skills	
access to inter-agency technical tools, guidance	1.6 Develop SGBV training content for child protection caseworkers and supervisors linked to the CCS update (and	
and support to strengthen case management	incorporate into the comprehensive training package activity 1.5)	
systems in humanitarian settings	1.7 Update the inter-agency CPCM guidelines	
	1.8 Update the standard case management forms based on feedback from the field, the data categorization	
	guidance and improved child and caregiver feedback process	
	1.9 Broadly disseminate the Toolkit for Community Child Protection Volunteers, tools, and the training manual	
	1.10 MHPSS Operational Framework for Child Protection Case Management developed.	
	1.11 Adapt COVID-19 Child Protection Case Management (CPCM) Guidance to support remote case management	
	in other settings	

Task Force 1. Case Management Task Force (CM TF)	
	2.1 Contribute to guidance being developed by CPIMS+ SC to support resource mobilisation for and rollout of the
	CPIMS+
	2.2 Finalize, translate, and disseminate the templates for the Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA) and Data
	Protection and Information Sharing Protocol (DPISP)
Objective 2. Child Protection prostitioners have	2.3 Finalise, translate, and pilot the Case Management Task Force and Primero/CPIMS+ training package
Objective 2. Child Protection practitioners have	2.4 Establish data categorisation guidance and resources for CPCM, including definitions and terminology for child
access to resources and guidance to improve information management for case management (IM4CM)	protection concerns
	2.5 Develop key performance and outcome indicators and guidance for CPCM
	2.6 Develop and/or approve information management tools in contexts where the CPIMS+ is not currently
	implemented
	2.7 Develop training content / learning points to be integrated into levels 1 and 2 of the new case management
	training package (Activity 1.5) and a more advanced specific level 3 IM4CM module/sessions
	2.8 Develop, translate, and disseminate guidance on IM4CM Foundations, including in refugee settings
	3.1 Conduct a research study on the components of case management that are most effective at improving child
	well-being
Objective 3. Generate a stronger evidence-base for	3.2 Conduct a review/create an evidence map of existing case management evidence in humanitarian and/or
case management in humanitarian settings	development contexts
	3.3 Generate evidence through the use of CPCM tools (e.g. QAF, indicators and data categorisation) to improve
	quality of CPCM and inform national and global advocacy

Task Force7. Cash and Child Protection Task Force (CASH TF)

Outcome: Strengthen the evidence base and humanitarian community's capacity to utilize Cash and Voucher Assistance for children's protection and well-being outcomes

Lead agency(ies):	International Rescue Committee, Save the Children, Plan International and World Vision International		
Contributing members:			
Objectives	Activities		
	1.1 Create a Cash and Voucher Assistance (CVA) and Child Protection library on the Alliance website		
Objective 1. Evidence-based guidance and tools on	1.2 Develop summary brief listing all key resources on CVA and Child Protection		
Cash and Voucher Assistance and Child Protection	1.3 Disseminate new program guidance:		
are available and accessible to child protection	Guidance on the provision of CVA to CHH and UAC		
actors in humanitarian settings	Guidance on designing CVA to achieve Child Protection outcomes		
actors in numanitarian settings	Guidance on the use of CVA to achieve adolescents outcomes		
	CVA Child Protection for Adolescents: A Monitoring and Evaluation Toolkit		
Objective 2. The knowledge and skills of	2.1 Conduct quarterly meetings with Task Force members		
humanitarian actors on the use of Cash and	2.2 Organise a series of webinars to present case studies/practices on the use of CVA for child protection outcomes		
Voucher Assistance and Child Protection outcomes	2.3 Organise regional face to face CVA and Child Protection trainings		
are strengthened	2.4 Develop an online CVA and Child Protection Learning Package		
	3.1 Conduct research on the impact of CVA and Child Protection on child labour and violence		
Objective 3. Evidence for Cash and Voucher	3.2 Conduct research on the impact of CVA and Child Protection on child marriage and well-being		
Assistance and Child Protection outcomes are	3.3 Field-test CVA and Child Protection for Adolescents: A Monitoring and Evaluation Toolkit		
generated	3.4 Develop a FAQ synthetizing lessons learnt on the use of CVA to achieve Child Protection outcomes		
	3.5 Develop an Evidence-Building Piece on CVA and Child Protection		

Task Force 4. Child Labour Task Force (CL TF)			
Outcome: Humanitarian responders and developme	nt actors have the knowledge, skills and tools to implement quality and coordinated child labour in emergencies		
preparedness, prevention and response actions			
Lead agency(ies):	International Labour Office (ILO) and Plan International		
Contributing members:	Advocacy for Child Relief (ACR) Uganda, CP AoR, Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, Ghiras		
	Foundation Turkey, Independent consultants working on child labour in emergencies, IOM, IRC, ILO, Plan International,		
	Save the Children International, Terre des Hommes, UNHCR, UNICEF, WVI		
Objectives	Activities		
	1.1. Finalisation of revised Child Labour in Humanitarian Action Toolkits (global and MENA)		
	1.2 Translate the Child Labour Toolkit in multiple languages (Spanish). French (2023)		
	1.3 Disseminate: CLTF microsite, newsletters, webinars, websites at local, national, regional and global level		
	1.4 Launch the global Child Labour in Humanitarian Action toolkit, for Child Protection coordinators a		
Objective 1. Technical tools, standards and	practitioners		
guidance: Inter-agency Child Labour in	1.5 Develop an application to make the toolkit guidance and tools accessible to frontline workers		
Humanitarian Action Toolkit is available and	1.6 Collect/Publish case studies on good practices and lessons learned in child labour in humanitarian action		
disseminated at local, national, regional and global	through Alliance (including COVID-19)		
levels	1.7 Develop a brief on the prevention of child labour in humanitarian action in line with the IA toolkit (following		
	intro Prevention session)		
	1.8 Develop short, animated videos in line with IA guidance and tools		
	1.9 Child Labour and Climate Change - develop a tool for identifying climate change risks for working children and		
	children in child labour		
Objective 2. 2. Conseits strengthening	2.1 F2F training module: Update the Child Labour module as part of the global CPHA (F2F) training, in collaboration		
Objective 2. 2. Capacity strengthening:	with the L&D WG under the Alliance and development of CPMS e-course Child Labour		
Humanitarian responders have enhanced	2.2 Child Labour in Humanitarian Action learning package. Develop learning package on Child Labour in		
knowledge and competencies to prevent and	Humanitarian Action to support roll out of the toolkit (e.g. webinars, online learning modules) made available		
respond to (the worst forms of) child labour in humanitarian action	through CL TF microsite in collaboration with the L&D WG under the Alliance		
	2.3 Support and contribute to the online learning community on Child Protection in Humanitarian Action with Child		

Task Force 4. Child Labour Task Force (CL TF)		
	Labour related content i.e. good practices, challenges etc including special activities during Day against Child labour	
	and others	
	2.4 Provide remote technical support on Child Labour in Humanitarian Action to practitioners (2022 in Jordan,	
	Poland), 2023,2024, 2025	
	2.5 Provide in-country technical support to inter-agency child labour initiatives on the roll-out and implementation	
	of the Child Labour in Humanitarian Action Toolkit (2022 in Moldova, Iraq); 2023 (Mali, Somalia, Lebanon), 2024,	
	2025	
	2.6 Organise online child labour trainings in different regions (2022 in MENA in Arabic, 2023 in Latin America in	
	Spanish, global/East Africa/Asia in English and WACA in French)	
	2.7 Identify regional champions and focal point system to support child labour in humanitarian action in each region	
	2.8 Collect feedback from trainers and learners and develop tools for continuous learning	
3.1 CL TF Coordination: Ensure coordination on Child Labour in Humanitarian Action between h		
	and between global initiatives	
	3.2 CLTF Factsheet and presentation: Develop and disseminate a Child Labour in Humanitarian Action 2-page	
	Factsheet/presentation for the Alliance including global definition, figures, resources and work of the CLTF	
Objective 3. 3. Coordination, policy and advocacy:	3.3 Inter-sector Child Labour in Humanitarian Action paper: Develop a paper on with Education on how to jointly	
Child labour in humanitarian settings is	tackle Child Labour in Humanitarian Action	
integrated/reflected in the agendas of relevant	3.4 Donor mapping: Conduct and launch Child Labour donor mapping of funding and influencing opportunities	
global, regional and local platforms, including but	3.5 Research: Identify Child Labour in Humanitarian Action research and advocacy priorities and contribute to	
not limited to the 8.7 Alliance and other Task	research pieces	
Forces under the Alliance for Child Protection in	3.6 KM: Share learnings on "effective programme approaches to end WFCL"	
Humanitarian Action	3.7 Develop key messages on child labour for donors and decision makers including private sector	
	3.8 Set a calendar with events with key moments (national, regional, global)	
	3.9 Adapt Child rights and business principles in fragile contexts	
	3.10 Influence global initiatives, policy and advocacy work to include children at risk and/or in child labour in	
	humanitarian context perspectives (global and regional)	
	Hamanicanan context bersbeetives (Bioparana regional)	

Task Force 2. Children Associated with Armed Forces and Armed Groups Task Force (CAAFAG TF)

Outcome: Quality programming that prevents recruitment, facilitates release and responds to the needs of children associated with armed forces or armed groups are

stren	othe	nod
SUCH	guie	neu
	<u> </u>	

Lead agency(ies):	Plan International and UNICEF
Contributing members:	UNICEF, Plan International, War Child UK, War Child Holland, Terre des Hommes, Save the Children, IRC, ICRC,
	Adjedi-Ka, UNDP, USAID Bureau of Humanitarian Assistance, Dallaire Institute, World Vision International, Learning
	and Development Working Group, Independent consultants
Objectives	Activities
	1.1 Develop a technical note on Girls Associated with Armed Forces and Armed Groups (GAAFAG)
	1.2 Develop a capacity building toolkit on Children Associated with Armed Forces and Armed Groups (CAAFAG)
	1.3 Develop a parenting skills training for parents
	1.4 Review/revise the key consideration for COVID-19
Objective 1. Technical tools and guidance –	1.5 Develop a MHPSS guidance for CAAFAG
Humanitarian and development responders have	1.6 Develop a guidance around children associated with designated terrorist groups
access to and use inter-agency guidance and tools	1.7 Develop a guidance for youth led research around reintegration
to prevent and respond to child recruitment in	1.8 Develop a guidance for child and youth led advocacy
armed forces and armed groups	1.9 Develop guidance around child-led project design
	1.10 Develop guidance note on cross sector collaboration
	1.11 Develop a CAAFAG case management module as part of the global case management training package
	1.12 Develop practical guidance and generate evidence on holistic family and community-based reintegration
	interventions
Objective 2. Capacity Building – The knowledge	2.1 Pilot-test the capacity building program development toolkit (from activity 1.2)
and skills of CP actors to prevent and respond to	2.2 Pilot-test the training on parenting skills in 2 countries (from activity 1.4)
child recruitment in armed forces and armed	2.3 Pilot-test Community engagement to prevent recruitment and promote reintegration (TBC)
groups are strengthened	2.4 Organise a webinar on the GAAFAG technical note

Task Force 2. Children Associated with Armed Forces and Armed Groups Task Force (CAAFAG TF)		
	2.5 Contribute to the revision of the CPMS CAAFAG module	
	2.6 Build capacities of Child Protection actors in handover protocol	
	2.7 Develop a MOOC on programme development toolkit	
	2.8 Roll-out of the CAAFAG Programme Development Toolkit	
	2.9 Global ToT on Programme development toolkit	
	2.10 Implementation of the guidance note on children associated with armed groups designated as terrorist	
	2.11 Dissemination of the cross-sector guidance notes	
	2.12 Field testing of MHPSS operational guidance	
	2.13 Global ToT on SPARC	
Objective 3. Community of Practice – Child	3.1 Set up an online platform to share experience on CAAFAG	
Protection actors have access to a platform to		
share evidence, research and lessons learned on	3.2 Share resources related to CAAFAG	
CAAFAG issues and effective response		
	4.1 Attend the Paris Principles Steering Group (PPSG) meeting to ensure exchange of information	
Objective 4. Coordination, policy and advocacy –	4.2 Collaborate with other WG/TFs under the Alliance for Child Protection based on needs	
Linkages between the CAAFAG Task Force and	4.3 Promote international experience exchanges for children/youth	
global platforms and initiatives are strengthened	4.4 Collaborate with education to develop an integrated approach	
	4.5 Collaborate with the Knowledge for Prevention initiative	

Task Force 3. Community-led Child Protection Task Force (CCP TF)	
Outcome: Child Protection Actors are better equippe	d to align approaches to CPMS 17, resulting in greater accountability and collaboration with communities
Lead agency(ies):	Plan International and World Vision International
Contributing members:	AVSI, BIFERD (DRC), Care (Mozambique), Child Frontiers, Child Fund, Child Safe Horizons, Community Action Network (Pakistan), Community Child Protection Exchange, CP AoR, CPC Learning Network, Children of One World, Hope Springs Haven, ICCRD, IRC, Islamic Relief Worldwide, IsraAID, New Hope Winners Foundation, Plan International, RISE Learning Network, Save the Children, SEDHURO, Terre des hommes, UNHCR, UNICEF, United Citizen Child Support Organization of Uganda, University of Bedfordshire, War Child Holland, WVI
Objectives	Activities
Objective 1. Child protection practitioners have strengthened understanding of standard 17 and corresponding inter-agency guidance	 1.1 Develop interagency (remote/online) learning and capacity building materials which will help to ensure a common understanding of CCP, building on already existing inter-agency resources where possible 1.2 Develop and roll out a plan for a broad joint dissemination of interagency resources (including communications materials if deemed relevant) that support Standard 17
	2.1 Participate in Advocacy Working Group activities on accountability which includes a child-led and community- driven approach
Objective 2. Child protection practitioners and local partners are supported to achieve higher levels of community ownership in community-level CPHA programming	2.2 Develop and roll out a reflection workshop for field staff to evaluate their current level of engagement with communities
	2.3 Develop videos around the operationalization of the skills and considerations to reach higher levels of community engagement and ownership
	2.4 Identify and support local actors/organizations/networks to participate in the CCP Task Force
Objective 3. Reflection, learning, and evidence- base on community-level approaches are increased	3.1 Develop learning questions for CCP around community-level child protection, particularly on the outcome of CCP programming
	3.2 Undertake an internal stocktaking exercise to identify organizations' interests, priorities and learning in CCP areas, including mapping of what works, what is feasible, and what is identified as gaps for approaches to community engagement in Child Protection in a wide spectrum of humanitarian/fragile settings. The results of the

Task Force 3. Community-led Child Protection Task Force (CCP TF)	
	exercise will inform the CCP Task Forces common priorities and direction for the future
	3.3 Document and share a matrix of promising examples of higher-level of community ownership child protection
	programs in rapid onset and protracted humanitarian and fragile contexts, including the implications on policy and
	practices where applicable
	4.1 Conduct an exploratory study (including a desk review, key informant interviews, field narratives, and field
Objective 4. The joint CCP Tack Force and CM Tack	research) to understand the roles of communities in case management and document recommendations based on
Objective 4. The joint CCP Task Force and CM Task Force initiative "Community Engagement in Case Management" is supported through the stages of learning, development, piloting, and dissemination	the findings
	4.2 Develop appropriate tools, resources, and capacity building materials to complement existing Task Force
	resources
	4.3 Pilot materials and build capacity of community volunteers and case management teams
	4.4 Broad dissemination of the tools and training materials
	5.1 Conduct a systemic review and comparison on the approaches to community engagement across collaborating
	sectors and how the approach contributes to the protection and care of children
	5.2 Organize workshops with prioritized sectors to review current practices and identify synergies in approaches for
Objective 5. Child Protection and other sectors	community engagement for child protection and wellbeing outcomes
strengthen collaborations on higher levels of	5.3 Develop briefing note and/or tools on approaches to community engagement for child protection and well-
community ownership to achieve holistic outcomes for children	being outcomes in cross-sectoral programs
	5.4 Pilot-testing the harmonized approaches to community engagement for child protection and well-being
	outcomes in cross-sectoral programs in two humanitarian/fragile settings
	5.5 Develop case studies to document best practices and lessons learned from the pilot project

Task Force 5. Family Strengthening Task Force (FS TF)

Outcome: Child Protection actors in humanitarian se	ttings have improved access to tools, resources, and events to support their work for families in promoting child	
well-being and protection		
Lead agency(ies):	Save the Children, War Child NL and World Health Organisation	
Contributing members:	Action Contre la Faim, Columbia University, CP AoR, International Committee of the Red Cross, MHPSS Reference	
	Group, Plan International, Save the Children, Terre des Hommes, TPO Uganda, UNHCR, War Child (Holland), WHO,	
	World Vision	
Objectives	Activities	
	1.1 Update Mapping of Global Family Strengthening Resources and present as a webinar, and make available on CP	
	Alliance Website (review and update every 2 years)	
Objective 1. Improve global stakeholder	1.2 Produce a concept note to accompany the mapping of Global Family Strengthening Resources by collecting	
(humanitarian response practitioners, donors,	evidence on the link between programming with caregivers and outcomes for children's psychosocial well-being	
researchers, policymakers) access to resources and	(such as involvement of fathers in caregiver interventions, support to parental psychosocial wellbeing, joint	
evidence for family strengthening programming in	child/caregiver programming, programmes addressing Intimate Partner Violence)	
humanitarian settings	1.3 Collect case-studies regarding challenges and successes in national, regional, and global Family Strengthening	
	approaches, programs, and activities. Link the content of the case studies to the generated list of topics formulated	
	by the FSTF members (see below table)	
	2.1 Disseminate products produced under Objective 1 and support integration of these products and related	
Objective 2. Multi Sectoral practitioners have	resources into interagency training materials	
Objective 2. Multi-Sectoral practitioners have	2.2 Consult with relevant stakeholders to identify gaps in available global resources and suggest follow up activities	
access to programmatic guidance and learning platforms that incorporate evidence generated on family strengthening	to improve existing resources or launch new ones	
	2 2.3 Select Variety of Delivery Platforms for knowledge sharing: Make an overview of existing e-learning (and	
	blended) modules. Map the need for specific subtopics in relation to this overarching topic based on a consultation	
	with the FSTF members and their networks.	
Objective 3. Improve inter-agency collaboration	3.1 Finalize Mapping of Family Strengthening Support Interventions/Tools/Resources and disseminate accordingly	
around interventions related to Family	(CP Alliance website, webinars, etc)	
Strengthening in humanitarian settings	3.2 Generate interagency knowledge sharing and collaboration through webinars on family strengthening	

Task Force 5. Family Strengthening Task Force (FS TF)	
	3.3 Inter-agency consultations on multi-sectoral Family Strengthening
	3.4 Test New Delivery Platforms for support: Conduct new fundraising to support the task force to explore and test
	new ways of delivery of family strengthening support

Task Force 6. Unaccompanied and Separated Children Task Force (UASC TF)		
Outcome: Quality programming that prevents family separation and provides appropriate response to the needs of UASC are strengthened		
Lead agency(ies):	International Rescue Committee and Save the Children	
Contributing members:	ICRC, IRC, IOM, Save the Children, Terre des hommes, UNHCR, UNICEF, WVI	
Objectives	Activities	
Objective 1. Technical tools, guidance and training material for UASC programming responds to new and emerging challenges	1.1 Update and disseminate the UASC ToT Package, making it user-friendly and field relevant	
	1.2 Repository of tools, guidance and contacts updated and disseminated	
	1.3 UASC Data and Projection model is revived, updated, and utilised for planning prevention and response	
	programmes	
	1.4 Contribute to UNICEF's Training Package for national social service workforce	
	1.5. Update Alternative Care in Emergencies Toolkit	